PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 92. PITTSBURGH, JULY 1, 1817. Vol. 32.

M'DONNEL & EKIN,

HAVE RECEIVED,

AND will in future be regularly supplied with the following articles which they offer for sale on moderate terms.

Coffee, first and second quality,
Dito and loaf sugar,
Imperial and young hyson tea in boxes and chests,
Chocolate, pepper, allspice and ginger,
Mustard in bottles and kegs,
Raisins in boxes and kegs,
Real Spanish segars,
Nutmegs, cloves and cinnamon,
Madder, copperas, redwood and allum,
Cognac Brandy and Jamaica spirits,
Holland gin and Madeira wine,
Queensware in small crates,
Herring and shad.

They continue to manufacture Tobacco and segars of a superior quality, and cut nails of every description.

Pittsburgh, October 8—1awtf.

Patent Trace Chain.

THE subscriber has invented and obtained a patent for cutting and bending links to make chain of different sizes

Chain made of those links will have a superior advantage over the chain made in the common way as the iron is first drawn into a wire which makes each link of an equal thickness and more beautiful and strong than the common chain.

To the wholesale merchant they will be sold at 21 doll. per dozen. The links will likewise be sold to blacksmiths or others at 23 dolls. per hundred pounds with the necessary complement of rings, each chain requires six pound of links. Orders accompanied with the cash will be promptly attended to by the subscriber at his works adjoining Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM EICHBAUM

April, 1, 1817.——tf

The Real Estate of

STEEL SEMPLE, Deceased.

THIS LAND is situated within 2 and 3 miles of Pittsburgh, and is divided intosmall Lots of five, six, ten and twelve acres.

The survey and draft are now completed, and the lines of the Lots and lanes, plainly and distinctly marked on the ground.

This land is fertile, near to the city, and contiguous to good roads. It is so divided as to be convenient for gardners, persons desirous of attending market, or to farmers of small capital. For these purposes, they are well suited to persons residing in the city.

They are offered for Sale on a credit of from twelve to eighteen months. The plan can be seen at my office. WILLIAM WILKINS.

July 26, 1816.

JAMES CORNELL,

HAS taken a Room, directly over the Shop recently occupied by *Mr Jones*, in Front, between Market and Wood Streets, where he carries on the business of *Plain* and *Ornamental*

SIGN PAINTING,

according to the most approved New-York and Philadelphia modes.

He respectfully informs the merchants who have communications with the states of Ohio and Kentucky, that all orders from those states, with which he may be favored, shall be satisfactorily and promptly executed. He humbly solicits a share of public patronage, which he will endeavor to merit,

"The Public Patronage."

Pittsburgh, April 4, 1817.——1y

JAMES LAUBIE,

Diamond, Pittsburgh,

HAS just received, & has for sale, on the most reasonable terms,

Best Spanish Cigars by the box,
Raisins by the do.
Port Wine,
Madeira, do.
Teneriff,
Jamaica Spirits,
French Brandy,
Cordials,
Dryed Fruits, &c.

December 17 th, 1816——1y

FOR SALE,

Cotton, by the bale,
Kentucky Bacon,
Country ditto,—prime,
Bean & Butler.

Pittsburgh, May 30, 1817.

THE SUBSCRIBER

BEGS leave to state, that he has commenced business in the store lately occupied by Mr. JAS. MILLER, in Wood, a few doors south of Fourth-street, and has now opened an handsome assortment of

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Queensware,
Hardware, &c.

carefully selected in the city of Philadelphia—at which he is enabled and determined to sell on a very moderate profit, for CASH or approved country PRODUCE.

R. HENDERSON.

Pittsburgh, June 24——4t

To Owners of Horses.

A NUMBER of the merchants of Philadelphia, desirous of promoting the internal intercourse of the state, and of facilitating their trade and connection with the western states, have united themselves into an association, under the name of "The Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company." Their object is to reduce and equalize throughout the year, the cost of carriage, and to diminish the time now required, for the transport of merchandize to the western waters. They therefore purpose to establish Lines of Wagons, to start daily from Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, to run day and night, changing horses every ten miles.

It must be evident to every enlightened person, that the success of the proposed system is most intimately connected with the interests of the whole community. It is important for the interiour of our state, that the trade of the western country should be maintained with the Atlantick cities; to secure which, the plan now contemplated, it is believed, will be effectual. A reduction in the rates, and in the time required for the transportation of Goods, to and from the Atlantick cities to the western waters, will enable the farmers and others to transmit their products to market with facility and cheapness, and procure a supply of foreign articles on more favourable terms. It will also increase the demand for horses, travelling, the value of lands, and in fine, add much to the improvement and importance of the towns and country on the route. Owners of horses, will find constant and profitable employment for them near their homes, which is surely preferable to uncertain employment at a distance.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED,

For hauling the Wagons any number of sections of ten miles, each section, going and returning, to be performed within every twenty hours, and persons desirous of contracting will state the section or sections they will contract for.

The loading as far as Carlisle, will not exceed 4000 lbs. and from thence to Pittsburgh 3500, or 3200 when the roads are in a bad state.

The following conditions will be required.

1. Each contractor must give satisfactory security for the faithful performance of his contract.
2. Each contract must be for one year.
3. The contractor to be at every expense for his horses and driver, including the harness.
4. The Wagons must travel two miles an hour, changing horses every ten miles without any unnecessary delay.
5. The contractors will be accountable to the Company, for all delays or damages which may arise from fraud or mismanagement upon the road, embraced within their contract.

Turnpike and Bridge Tolls will be paid by the Company.

Application to be made by Letter as early as possible, directed to the Subscriber, agent for the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company in Philadelphia.

THOMAS HARPER,

AGENT for the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company.

June 16, 1817.

THEATRE.

THE MANAGERS

Present their most respectful compliments to the citizens of Pittsburgh, and

INFORM them that the Company is now complete, composed of performers of the first rate talents, from the Theatres, New-York—Philadelphia—Boston and Charleston, and that the Theatre in this city—will open the first week in August next.

H. Y. LEWIS, *for*
J. ENTWISLE & CO.

Pittsburgh, May 23, 1817.

Rectifying Distillery, Grocery and Liquor Store.

THE subscriber takes the liberty of informing his friends and the public, that he has now on hand, and intends keeping a constant supply of foreign and domestic

LIQUROS,

WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES,

which he offers for sale, low, for cash or country produce, at his store in Front, between Market and Wood-streets, opposite Bosler and Co's. warehouse.

FRANCIS BAILEY.

Feb. 4—1awtf

N. B All persons indebted to the subscriber, by bond note ortabook accompst, are requested to make immedia payment, a no longer indulgence can or will be given.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

JOHN RENO,

25 bbls Coffee,
45 bags ditto,
25 bbls N. O. Sugar.

Together with a general assortment of

Groceries and Liquors.

Ptitsburgh, May 16, 1817.——1awtf

G. T. BEYER & Co.

HAVE just received, and offer for sale, on the most reasonable terms—either for CASH or on CREDIT- for approved paper, at their store in Wood, between Third and Fourth-streets.

Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Tobacco, Raisins, Almonds, Madeira, Teneriffe and Lisbon wines—Spirits, Brandy, Holland Gin—Looking-glasses, Slates, Pocket-books, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

N. B. The highest price given for all kinds of FURS.

Pittsburgh, June 24——1aw3m

ISAAC HARRIS,

WILL continue to receive the several small NOTES and TICKETS, hitherto received by him, in payment for GOODS—until the first of August next.

HE HAS ON HAND—AN ASSORTMENT OF

Coarse Cloths and Cassimeres.
And Duffield Blankets,

for which he will receive—UNCHARTERED BANK-NOTES, in payment, if applied for soon.

HE HAS ALSO FOR SALE,

10 bbls good quality country Sugar
1 bll. old Cherry-bounce, 1 do Currant-wine
1 do. Spanish Brandy
10 Boxes 8 by 10 & 10 by 12, Window glass
1000 qrs. of Staunton Augurs } well assorted.
5000 of Nelsons' do. }
100 M, Sprigs assorted from 1-2 to 1-2 inch.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Dry goods,
Hardware,
Glass,
Queens-ware,
Tin-Ware,
Groceries.

ALSO—JUST RECEIVED—A LARGE SUPPLY OF GOOD STRONG

CYDER VINEGAR,

fit for immediate use, and will be put up in any quantity, to suit purchasers.

Pittsburgh, June 24.——tus6t

FOR SALE, BY

RICHD. BOWEN & CO.

Corner of Market and Water Streets,

LISBON,
Teneriffe,
Madeira, and
Currant
Whiskey } WINES

Best Green Coffee, West-India Sugar
Loaf, and Domestic Sugar,
Almonds, Chocolate, Codfish
Allum, Allspice, Brimstone
Copperas, Rosin
Spanish flotant Indigo.
Soal Leather
Cotton Cards,
Juniata Bar Iron
American, Crowley and German Steel
Cut and wrought Nails
Castings assorted
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2, 3 and 4; Post do.
Medium and demy Printing do.
Wrapping do. Bonnet boards
Window Glass
Bottles assorted in boxes, Porter do.
Birmingham Queensware
Kentucky twist and pigtail Tobacco
American Cigars
Bar and Pig Lead
Axes, hoes, Chains and Screw Augurs
Mill saws and Mouse Hole Anvills
Coal and wood stoves
Grates and Franklin stoves
Sad and Waffle Irons
Cast Iron Gudgeons and Cranks
Waggon Boxes
Wrag and Fan-mill irons,
Pickled Beef and Pork.
AN INVOICE OF SADDLERY,
Leaf Tobacco in hogsheads,

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

Shot, | Pearl Ash,
Flour, | Bacon, and

Conemaugh Salt.

Pittsbugh, June 13, 1817 2awtf

Notice.

THE creditors of D. A. Northrop are hereby notified, that accounts will be received at the counting house of William Hill; if brought in on or before Thursday the 3d day of July next.

Any persons having claims against said Northrop who do not avail themselves of this notice will be excluded from receiving any dividend.

ABNER BARKER,
ROBERT SIMPSON, } *Trustees.*
WM. HILL,

One Cent Reward.

VIOLATED his indentures, by absconding on Friday evening last,

JOHN RIDDLE.

For his apprehension I will give the above reward, but no charges.

ARTTUR F. GORE.

Pittsburgh, June 24.——3

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

(*Market, between 3d and 4th streets.*)

Dry Goods, Wines, Groceries, and Hardware.

Summer Assortment.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that, he has formed a partnership in business with Messrs. John and Isaac Lea, of Philadelphia, to be conducted under the firm of

JOHN M'CLEAN & CO.

who are at present opening, and will be regularly supplied with, an extensive and excellent assortment of articles in the above line, which being purchased principally at *Auction* in Philadelphia, will be disposed of at a very small advance,

Wholesale and Retail,

For cash, *approved notes* or country produce, *only.*

JOHN M'CLEAN.

Pittsburgh, June 10, 1817.

WM. HILL,

AT HIS

Wholesale Ware-house,

Opposite Kerr's Hotel, in Market-street

HAS FOR SALE,

1,200 Pair men's coarse shoes
Prime green Coffee, in bags
St. Domingo do. do.
Y. H. Tea, in chests
Allum, Copperas, Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, Indigo and Brimstone, in kegs
Cloves, Nutmegs and Cinnamon
6d. 8d. and 10d. Nails
English Millington Crowly Steel
Spades and Shovels
Writing and Wrapping paper
Kentucky Tobacco
Logwood
Country Linens and Thread in cuts and per lb.
Queens-ware in crates
Sickles

AN ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware, viz.

Knives and Forks—Butt-hinges—Wood-screws—Files—C. S. & German Hand-saws, &c. &c.

ALSO—AN ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS.

Pittsburgh, June 24.——2awtf

CHEAP GOODS,

(FOR CASH)

Just arrived from New-York, consisting of the following assortment,

Cotton shirtings,
Black and white cambric Muslin,
Cotton Cassimeres, Plain & corded velvets,
Silk bandannas, Ladies Hosiery,
A large assortment of Shawls,
ditto silk ditto, silk Hhkfs.—
Calicoes, Silk Hoisery, Silk Florentine,
Light dye sewing silk, Black ditto
Cotton Hhkfs, Fancy mull muslins black & wht.
Lace shawls, lace veils, fancy cravats,
Marseilles vesting—Buttons—Toilenette,
A large assortment of CLOTHS, FLANNELS, and BOMBAZETTS,
Silk cords, Silk Umbrellas, Stockinetts,
Fancy muslins,
Young Hyson Tea, of the latest importation,
White Sugar.

The above articles will be offered very low for cash, *on Water between Market and Wood streets,* a few doors east of R. Bowen's ware-house.

Having a correspondence in N York, I will be regularly supplied with merchandize of the latest importations.

G. R. GILMORE.

Pittsburgh, June 20, 1817.

WASHINGTON HALL,

New York.

IN consequence of the sale of this establishment the public have been impressed with an idea that it is shut up. The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that having a lease of some years, he still continues with his usual disposition to accommodate; renewing his exertions and grateful for the support he has heretofore met with; he hopes for a continuance of public patronage.

The above establishment is spacious and airy, and from the pleasant situation in which it is placed, cannot fail in making it a very agreeable and desirable residence for travellers during their stay in New York.

P. M'INTYRE.

June 27, 1817. 4

Mustard Seed,

I WILL give 10 dollars per bushel for good clean MUSTARD SEED.

by J. W. SKELTON.

Piturgh, March 2,—tf

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1817.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

THE JEW'S LEAP:

A dangerous and frightful Pass, over which Captain Riley and his fellow sufferers travelled, in their journey from Santa Cruz towards Mogadore, as related in his Narrative.

The path we were now obliged to follow, was not more than two feet wide in one place, and on our left it broke off in a precipice of some hundred feet deep to the sea; the smallest slip of the mule or camel would have plunged it and its rider down the rocks to inevitable and instant death, as there was no bush or other thing to lay hold of by which a man might save his life. Very fortunately for us, there had been no rain for a considerable time previous, so that the road was now dry—Rais told me when it was wet it was never attempted, and that many fatal accidents had happened there within his remembrance; though there was another road which led round over the mountains far within the country.

One of these accidents he said he would mention. "A company of Jews, six in number, from Santa Cruz for Morocco, came to this place with their loaded mules in the twilight after sunset; being very anxious to get past it before dark, and supposing no other travellers would venture to meet them, or dare to pass it in the night, they did not take the precaution to look out, and call aloud, before they entered on it; for there is a place built out on each end of this dangerous piece of road from whence one may see if there are others on it: not being quite half a mile in length, a person by hallooing out can be heard from one end to the other, and it is the practice of all who go that way to give this signal. A company of Moors had entered at the other end, going towards Santa Cruz, at the same time; and they also supposing that no others would dare to pass it at that hour came on without the usual precaution.

About half way over, and in the most difficult place, the two parties met—there was no possibility of passing each other, nor of turning about to go back either way—the Moors were mounted as well as the Jews—neither party could retire, nor could any one, except the foremost get off his mule; the Moors soon became outrageous and threatened to throw the Jews down headlong—the Jews, though they had always been treated like slaves, and forced to submit to every insult and idignity, yet finding themselves in this perilous situation, without the possibility of retiring, and being unwilling to break their necks merely to accommodate the Moors, the foremost Jew dismounted carefully over the head of his mule, with a stout stick in his hand; the Moor nearest him did the same, and came forward to attack him with his scimitar; both were fighting for their lives, as neither could retreat—the Jew's mule was first pitched down the craggy steep, and dashed to atoms by the fall—the Jew's stick was next hacked to pieces by the scimitar;—when finding it was impossible for him to save his life he seized the Moor in his arms, and springing off the precipice, both were instantly hurled to destruction—two more of the Jews and one Moor lost their lives in the same way, together with eight mules; and the three Jews, who made out to escape, were hunted down and killed by the relations of the Moors who had lost their lives on the pass, and the place has ever since been called "the Jew's Leap." It is, indeed, enough to produce dizziness, even in the head of a sailor, and if I had been told the story before getting on this frightful ridge, I am not certain but that my imagination might have disturbed my faculties, and rendered me incapable of proceeding with safety along this perilous path.

The London papers inform us that the show-man who has been, for some time past, exhibiting the military carriage and equipage taken from Bonaparte at the battle of Waterloo, in different parts of England, is coming out to the U. S. with his wares. If he depends on the profits of his show to pay the expenses of his journey, he had better stay where he is, for no people in the world have less of that foolish curiosity which creates wonders of itself for its own gratification, than the Americans. It is in this particular that they differ from the English more than in any other; and this itinerant adventurer, who may, perhaps, have made money enough in England by the exhibition of Bonaparte's travelling carriage to enable him to set up one of his own, would starve in the United States if he depended on no other means for subsistance.—What, give money to see a carriage, when hundreds among us could make, perhaps, much handsomer and ingenious ones! Ridiculous. If he could contrive to bring Napoleon himself along with his carriage, he might reasonably count upon a good run of business, but not otherwise.

Norfolk Herald.

BOSTON, June 14.

The Boundaries of the United States.

The Commissioners under the fourth and fifth articles of the Treaty of Ghent, for the purpose of settling the boundary line, between the north eastern frontier of the United States, and the British dominions, and to determine whether the Islands in the Bay of Passamaquoddy and the Bay of Fundy are comprehended in the boundaries established by the treaty of 1783, assembled in this place on the tenth of May last.

The Commissioners under the fourth article were employed some days after their meeting in an examination of facts and documents, maps and plans, in order to be possessed of a state of the controversy on both sides. After which J. T. Austin, Esq. agent of the American Commissioners, opened a written argument in behalf of the U. S. which employed him a week.

W. Chipman, Esq. agent on behalf of the British government, then entered into his arguments in favour of the claims of that nation which occupied him one full day These respective arguments having been interchanged, the Commissioners adjourned to meet on the 25th of September next, at which time the parties will be heard, in reply to each other.

The Commissioners under the fifth article of the late treaty, appointed two parties of explorers, consisting of thirty persons of each nation, and a suitable number of surveyors to proceed from the monument upon the St. Croix, and pursue the boundary line to the highlands, which divide the waters which empty into the St. Lawrence. The Commissioners adjourned to meet on the 10th of May next, to receive the report of the exploring parties and of the surveyors.

By the Treaty of Ghent, it is provided, that in the event of a difference of opinion upon the subjects under the consideration of the Commissioners, His Britannic Majesty and the government of the United States, agree to refer the difficulty to some friendly sovereign or state then to be named for that purpose—and in consequence of which expectation all the arguments to be delivered in writing.

According to the construction of the British agent, the boundary line would cut off part of the river St. Johns, and about 2 millions of acres of land from the District of Maine.— *Bost. Intel.*

NEW ORLEANS, May 28.

The following manifesto of his mightiness don Masot, governor of Pensacola, was handed to us for publication by a Spanish gentleman of this city. There is no doubt of its authenticity, and it is probably written expressively to be published in New Orleans, it was delivered to us, translated into English and French. Lest we should offend so high an authority, or lessen any portion of its native gravity and pith, we publish it verbatim et literatim.

Orleans Gaz.

"The governor of Pensacola, colonel of his Catholic majesty's royal corps of Artillery, DON MASOT, does not *report* but certifies, that general Gaines of the United States, *esquire*, never had an interview with him, but only demanded the passage of provisions for his troops, which being granted by the *Don*, the general did not accept of it, notwithstanding the public notices posted up by order of the former, for the purpose of doing away any mistrust on the part of the latter. And as to the delivery of the Spanish territory suggested in the Louisiani Gazette of Saturday May 3d 1817, article of Augusta March 29th, the *Don* declares that he is ready to sell it, but the purchaser must deposit the portion in gold of the price, that may be agreed on, in the cavities of six seven inch mortars which are mounted on the heights of St. Charles of Barancas, and the sliver in the other cannon, which crown that enclosure.

JOSEPH MASOT,
Colonel of the Spanish Royal corps of Artillery, and Commander General of the province of West Florida."

The editor of the Baltimore Federal Republican, to whom we are often indebted for the finest and elegantly written sentiments, remarking on a recent death of hydrophobia, observes—

"Notwithstanding such evidence of the danger resulting from the canine race, we do not wonder at the attachment displayed by man towards these fawning favorites. A dog is the only animal in nature, whose sole happiness seems to consist in his master's joy. If chastised by his master, he entertains no idea of resistance; but cries for mercy, and exercises all his little arts to emplore forgivness of an offence that he was unconscious of ever having committed. If he witnesses a returning smile on his master's face, all his injuries are forgotten in a moment, and he postrates himself at his feet to testify his gratitude. He devotes his life to the service of man—he has no other pleasure than to do his bidding, and in adversity he never deserts him. He endures in his service cold, hunger, and every species of privation, and all the reward that he asks for such fidelity, is a kind word or a smile. He braves the winter blasts in watching over his master's slumbers, and stands like a centinel to guard his door from the approach of the midnight robber. From this painful service no threats can awe him, no flatteries allure no bribes entice him to desert. He is a voluntary slave for life, and emancipation to him would be the greatest of all miseries—he delights in servitude to man, and renounces for his benefit his native freedom of the forest. Who can be astonished then that man should delight in an animal, when he beholds in him such an example of fidelity, constancy, courage, and affection, that he looks for in vain amongst his own species. How affecting was the reply of a poor wandering, houseless, aged beggar, roaming through the world and imploring the cold, tardy, and reluctant charity of man, when he was cruelly asked how he could afford to keed a dog.—*Ah, sir, he replied, if my dog leaves me, who is there then to love me.*

"My dog, the trustiest of his kind,
With gratitude inflames my mind;
I mark his true and grateful way,
And in my service copy Tray."

JUNE 18, 1817.

The EIGHTEENTH DAY OF JUNE, will long be memorable for important transactions. On the eighteenth day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and twelve, the Congress of the United States declared war against Great Britain,

On the eighteenth day of June in the year eighteen hundred and fifteen, the Duke of Wellington defeated Napoleon Bonaparte, and his army, gave peace to Europe, and restored the ancient line of Monarchs to the throne of France.

From the Salem Gazette.

UNHAPPY COMPOSITION.

Would not the puritanical pilgrims who settled New-England have startled with horror at anticipating in its metropolis an adverisement like the following?

"Duelling Pistoles,
"Pocket do. of superior finish,
"Plated and bronzed pulpit Sconces,
and
"Communion Furniture." &c.

Yet such an one [it is to be hoped the arrangement at least is accidental] meets the eye, and harrows the feelings of many who are

NO BIGOTS.

BACHELORS.

Trismigistus advised his son Tatius, to *have no commerce with a single man*; believing that no bachelor could be honest; —Georgius Wicelsus, thus concludes his *twenty-six* arguments in favour of marriage —No one can neither live piously, or die righteously, without a wife.

SHOES
For Sale.

In Wood between Third and Fourth streets, next above Messrs. M'Clelland's.

JUST received from Baltimore, a large assortment of
Ladies kid and morrocco Shoes & Boots,
Gentlemens short boots—Fine shoes and Leather pumps,
ALSO—a few hundred pair of children's morrocco shoes, assorted sizes and superior quality.
All which will be sold at low prices by the dozen or larger quantity.
Pittsburgh, June 20, 1817.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 15th of May, an indented apprentice to the silver plating business; a lad about 20 years of age, called ALEXANDER FINTON, about 5 feet 10 inches high, had on when he went away; a bottle green coat, dark pantaloons and vest, he has a down cast look and very much addicted to heing and drinking. Any person returning him or securing him in any jail in the United States shall receive the above reward but no charges.

BENJAMIN KENDRICK.
Pittsburgh, June 20, 1817 ———3

Copperas
OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,

MANUFACTURED in Pittsburgh, can be had at all times, either by the keg or ton lower than it can be brought over the mountains, of

BOSLER & CO.
Pittsburgh, June 6, 1817.

TOBACCO, CIGAR,
AND
Snuff Manufactory.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the manufacture of TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF. —Having provided experienced workmen and best leaf, he flatters himself that the articles of his manufacture, will be found equal in quality, and as cheap as any offered.

For the accommodation of country merchants and traders, he will receive in payment most articles of country produce.

All orders gratefully received and promptly executed.

DAVID GREER,
East corner of Market & Liberty streets.
Pittsburgh, May 27, 1817. 1aw6m

A. LYEL,

Taylor from London (lately from New-England) has commenced the

TAYLORING BUSINESS

In company with his son, DAVID A. LYEL, in Wood-street, above Morrow's Tavern, where any order in the line of their business will be executed in the best manner, and on moderate terms. The most satisfactory references and testimonials of the good character and ability of the subscriber in the line of his business, may be had by calling at his shop.

Also a number of vest patterns, a great assortment of the best thread, silk and twist.

A. LYEL.
Pittsburgh, June 20, 1817.

Saml. & John Thompson,
Merchant Taylors,

SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET,

HAVE just received a large supply of superfine and common cloths, cassimeres and vestings, and as they were principally bought at Auction in Philadelphia, they will be sold very low. They have also obtained the newest fashions, and will continue to supply gentlemen with fashionable cloathing at a short notice. They keep constantly a large supply of made cloathing at reduced prices

Pttsburg, December 1817.

H. Bonnet & Renaud,

BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD, MARKET STREET,

INFORM their customers and others that besides their usual assortment they have just received, viz.
Silk of any kind for Dress and Bonnets,
Canton, Italian and French Crapes,
Silk and lace Shawls of any description,
Ladies and gentlemen's silk and cotton stocking
Silk galloons and ribbons of all sorts,
Ladies and men's silk, kid, and leather glove
Merino Shawls and trimming,
English lace and gauze,
Thread, silk, and cotton lace,
Bombazett and bombazeen,
Millinet, and wires black and fancy feathers,
Silk cord and Chenills,
Sewing silk, cotton Balls,
Superfine Cloth and Cassimeres,
Berlin Cord and Stockinett,
Marseilles and other Vesting,
Cambric Linnen and Cravatts,
Hat covers, webbing, and Boot Cord,
Suspenders, Kid skins and Parchment,
Silk velvet and Velveteen,
Pins, and other hardware.
Bell, plated and glass buttons,
Dimity and Gingams of any kind,
Irish Linnen, Shirting —— and long cloth,
India and English plain and figured Muslin
Calicoes, and domestic Cotton,
Domestic Shirting and long cloth,
Black, blue, brown, and pink Cambric,
Coffee in bags and barrels,
Shot of every size,
Lead in Pig.

Which articles they can sell by the piece cheap as any in this city, and will only out superfine Cloths and Cassimeres.
Pittsburgh, April 1, 1817 ——ft.

FOR SALE
BY
Armstrong & Ewing,
AT THEIR
WHOLESALE GROCERY STORE
Wood street, between First and Second.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson & Hyson Skin — Teas of the first quality & latest importations.
First & Second quality Green Coffee,
Loaf, lump, and brown Sugar.
Chocolate,
Spanish Indigo.
Madder, Copperas, Allum,
Race & ground Ginger,
Pepper, Alspice.
Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon.
Box Raisins, best muscated.

1 Keg do. Brimst
Spanish Cigars,
Kentucky Tobacco
Figs in Drums
Best Sallad Oil
Fresh Lemons
Soft shell Almon
Mustard, Starch
Sugar Candy, &c

L. P. Madeira
do. Teneriffe
Sherry, &
Port

Cog. Brandy, (
Jamaica Spirits
Holland Gin,
Whiskey.

With a general assortment of articles above line, which will be disposed of on the most terms for cash or approved acceptance.
A fair price given for all kinds of Peltry
Pittsburgh, June 20, 1817.

35 hhds. Leaf Tobacco,

20 kegs Kentucky ditto, (manufactured)
4000 lb. Bacon,
30 dozen wool Hats,
7 ditto calf Skins,
9 ditto upper Leather,
4 quer. casks L. P. Madeira Wine
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE
By
CHRISTIAN LATSHAW

PITTSBURGH.

TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1817.

Friday next being the 4th of July, no paper will be issued from this office.

Every day presents to us some new proof of the *consistency* of democratic republicanism—but in no case has it been more strikingly exemplified than in their sycophantic attentions to President Monroe, during his present tour. Had such homage been paid to a federal President by his party, every democratic print would have teemed with sneering scurrility, and malignant abuse; the charge of aristocracy would have been re-echoed from Maine to Georgia, and the people would have been called upon to look with jealous eyes upon the man who thus went about to extort their oaths of fealty. When Washington appeared in public in a coach drawn by four horses, the democratic papers rung with indignation and opprobium; they exclaimed that republican simplicity was forgotten, and that the constitution was in danger. In the days of Adams, the federal executive was again accused of aspiring to courtly elegance, and aristocratic superiority. But in latter days the sentiments of *the people* have wonderfully changed. At the levees of our late President and his lady the etiquette of European courts was copied with tenacious nicety. The environs of the Presidential House were "dam'd and block'd up" with sycophants whose business was to cringe, flatter, and applaud. The very menials of office-holders, as well as their masters, were courtiers, sharing their intrigues and copying their sycophancy. It remained however for President Monroe to put the *republican simplicity* of his party to a still severer proof—"for behold the king has gone forth among the people, and the people bow themselves down before him." Ere the disgrace of Bladensburgh has ceased to be fresh in our minds, ere the smoky ruins and dilapidated walls of the capitol have regained their former splendour,—one of the heroes who was conspicuous in their defence is complimented for his services, during the late war." Nor is our worthy President outdone in courtesy, for he tells us—the battle of Bladensburgh to the contrary notwithstanding—that "the gallantry and good conduct of our Army Navy and *Militia*, and the patriotism of our citizens generally, so conspicuously displayed during that war, may *always be relied on.*" So far as relates to the Army and Navy we agree with our chief magistrate but "farther this deponent saith not." We hope however that if he should visit Hartford and Boston he will thank them also for their cheerful co-operation with the measures of the executive.

But seriously, we think our President should always appear in a style worthy of the chief magistrate of a wealthy, extensive and powerful nation—and that on an occasion like the present, party feelings should be laid aside, and all classes join in paying him those respectful attentions which are his due. We are willing to congratulate with him where there is room for congratulation, to assure him of our determination to support the laws of our country, and to rally about her standard *pro aris et focis*, whenever it is necessary. But these are *federal* sentiments—we leave sycophancy to his political friends.

Steam Boat.—The steam boat *Constitution* (formerly the Oliver Evans) is advertised for sale in the N. Orleans Commercial Press of May 30.

The Franklin 74 capt. Charles Stewart, now at anchor off Philadelphia, is ordered to complete her equipments immediately, to proceed to the Mediterranean.

We are informed that three or four persons, convicted of the crime of slave stealing, lately experienced very exemplary punishment in the adjoining state of Delaware.—After being exposed in the pillory, each received 36 lashes, had their ears cut off and were respectively branded for the crime they had committed. While the mind shudders at such a punishment being inflicted on a human being, it recoils with equal indignation at the enormity of the crime committed. [*Phil. Gaz.*

An interesting account is published in the Harrodsburgh, Ky. paper, respecting 300 "Dutch Redemptioners," who have lately arrived at Annapolis, (Md.) From this account it appears that they were seduced and enticed to quit their native country by an inhuman monster of the name of Blucker. From this wretch they received the most barbarous treatment, on their passage from Amsterdam to this country, and on landing on the peaceful shores of *free* America, they were sold as *Slaves*, in order to defray the expense of their passage. It is natural to suppose that the conduct of the abominable wretch Blucker, would have filled every person with indignation, but in this instance it was not the case.

What adds to our surprize, is, that in America, the boasted land of *liberty*, there are men to be found who, instead of extending the hand of charity to relieve the suffering and needy, are ready to enrich themselves, at the expense of the liberty of their fellow beings. These poor Redemptioners, on arriving in this country, were destitute of every thing necessary for their support; no friend to soothe or comfort them in their distress; they had been deceived by an unprincipled villian, and enticed to leave their native country; almost starved on their passage, and on arriving here, were set up and bid off as *slaves*.

It is hardly necessary to add, that the purchasers of these unfortunate victims, were Kentuckians, who ought to have extended the hand of charity, instead of riveting the iron fetters of bondage about the feet of these children of misfortune. The Kentuckians have had much to say, respecting Algerine slavery &c. but still, there are men among them that appear so lost to humanity, that they are willing to engage in this horrid traffic, which causes the blood to curdle in the veins of every humane person. After this we hope we shall hear no more from these Kentuckians about the imprisonment of American seamen by the British, the "*floating hells*" of Great-Britain, Algerine bondage, &c. &c.—let them view their *white* as well as black slaves, and keep silence. —*Con. Cour.*

SOUTH AMERICA.

The official account of the capture of Barcelona by the Royalists, states, that the independents raised the black flag, and that a summons even to unarmed individuals to surrender at discretion, was answered with insult. This one would think displayed a spirit of determined resistance; and that the indiscriminate slaughter of the unarmed and defenceless, was met with a disposition equally sanguinary. Scenes of desolation must have followed.

When the power of armies is wielded for the purpose of revenge; when reciprocal hate and rancor actuate both parties; when they seek to conquer only to destroy; and mingle the blood of the decrepid and unarmed, the aged and the young, the unprotected matron, the mother and her babe, in one common deluge—the collision is horrible beyond the power of language to express. Such seems to have been the case at Barcelona. No quarter was allowed; and the same sword that waved in honorable fight, also reeked with the blood of the fallen and the conquered.

A Villain Caught—A gentleman from Philadelphia by the name of Wilson, who, we understand, is Cashier of the Schuylkill Bank, called yesterday at the office of Messrs. S. & M. Allen's in broadway on business.—While attending to business, he suddenly felt his pocket (which contained about 20,000 dollars in Bank Notes.) and to his utter astonishment, found therein, in addition to the bills, the brawny hand of a villain, who had followed him into the office. Mr. Wilson, turning to the villain, demanded the reason of this extraordinary familiarity with his pocket. The villain retreated with his heels foremost, uttering a volley of abuse upon Mr. Wilson for the ungentlemanly imputation, until he had reached the door, when he wheeled about, and with no ordinary speed attempted his escape. One of the Messrs. Allen's who had witnessed the whole scene, instantly started in pursuit, and soon seized him by the collar.—A struggle ensued, in which Mr. Allen lost his hold, and was knocked to the pavement.—The fellow again started, but was soon arrested by some of the crowd, which the contest had already convened. The prisoner was conducted to the Police Office and examined. —He refused yesteday to disclose either his name, residence or occupation. This morning, he has undergone a second examination, when he stated that his name was John Gibson. We understand that the Police Justices have sent him to prison to await his trial at the next sessions.

Another stranger accompanied the prisoner to the door of the office, and during the struggle already stated, attempted to rescue his associate, but, on finding a concourse gathering thick around, took his leave of his unfortunate companion, and retired in season and safety from the unexpected and unpleasant bustle!

There is no doubt that both these fellows belong to a gang of Villains, who have lately removed their quarters from Philadelphia to this city. We mention this fact to put our citizens on their guard.

N. Y. Spec.

WASHINGTON JUNE 20.

The Circuit Court of the United States, for this District, adjourned its semi-annual session on Saturday last to the last Monday in November. The absence of one of the principal gentlemen of the bar prevented the Court from going through the civil docket. Few important criminal cases were tried during the term. There was one of some novelty, both as to the offence and the punishment. A man was tried for bigamy, and, being convicted, was sentenced to be branded in the hand with the letter T. which sentence was carried into execution in open court. This is a barbarous punishment, at least a century too old for the refinement of the present age. If we had, as we ought to have, a Penitentiary in the District, we should see all such punishments obliterated from our criminal code. *Nat. Intel.*

The diplomatic agent of the republican government of *Pernambuco*, *M. Da Cruz*, had arrived at the seat of government on Saturday last, and, it is believed, will leave it for the present, this morning. We have not heard what has been his reception here, but presume that, under the present circumstances of his country, he could not be recognized in his official character, consistently with those principles by which our government has heretofore regulated its conduct in this respect. *ib.*

From the Barbadoes Mercury of the 27th of May.

Trinidad, May 15—On Sunday the 11th instant a 74 gun ship, 2 frigates and 15 sail of transports were signalized passing the Bocas, supposed to be Spaniards, with troops on board, to change the order of things on the Spanish Maine. We have now a report that Barcelona is in the possession of the Royalists and that Augustura has surrendered to the Independent army."

HAGERSTOWN, (Md.) June 24.

Destructive Hail Storm.

A most destructive hail storm was experienced in this county, on the afternoon of Friday last. Its direction was from N. W. to S. E. and its range generally about a mile wide. In its course it unroofed houses, broke immense quantities of window glass, prostrated fences, and almost anihilated the rising crops of wheat, rye, corn &c Many farmers have sustained very heavy losses in timber, grain, &c. and in several individual houses as many as several hundred panes of glass have been broken. The hail stones were generally as large as a hulled walnut; and we have heard it asserted that some measured more than four inches in circumference. The greatest damage was experienced in the neighbourhood of the Big Spring, Williamsport and on the Manor. What has been the extent of its ravages we have not yet learned. It is supposed to be the severest storm ever experienced in this neighbourhood.

Ancona April 6—A vessel has arrived from Constantinople, which gives us a very satisfactory account of the disposition of the Sublime Porte in regard to the Christians found in the provinces of the Empire. They report an order addressed to the Pacha of Jerusalem, which is quite new in the annals of the Ottoman policy. The vexations of this Pacha having excited just complaints on the part of the Christians, the religious order deputed to Rome a proper person to make known the situation of the Church in those countries. His holiness has had news that the efforts for the peace of the Church have been crowned with success, and that the Pacha had promised not only to protect the pilgrims, but to restore what had been extorted from them. The order was, "hearken diligently. Pacha: it is thy Master speaks to thee. The complaints of the people have reached my ear, and demand vengeance. Thou hast abused thy authority to exact tribute of the Christians, beyond that which the Treaties have fixed. Do what I order thee. As soon as thou receivest my command, instantly restore what thou hast extorted, lest my anger rise against thee. If thou dost delay to obey, expect the chastisement due to thee. —Humble thyself under the command, and say in thy heart, that thy master is like God: he can have mercy and forgive thee. —Praise, praise to God.

DROUGHT.—Letters of the 31st ult have been received from Gibraltar. Great apprehensions were entertained there from the long continuance of dry weather. On the opposite coast the alarm was felt in a greater degree.—The Dey of Algiers and the governor of Orans had actually walked bareheaded and barefooted, in a religious procession, to supplicate the Deity for rain. The Jews had met every where in their synagogues for the same purpose.

By reading we enjoy the dead, by conversation the living, and by contemplation ourselves. Reading enriches the memory, conversation polishes the wit, and contemplation improves the judgment.

MARRIED—On Friday morning last by the Revd. *John Taylor*, Mr. HENRY SWEPPE to Miss SUSAN REED, daughter of Mr. *Thomas Reed*, of Zelianople.

JAMES M'CAY.

At his Grocery Store on Water street between Market and Ferry streets offers for sale a quantity of

Common Cyder
Boiled Cyder
Cider Royal by the barrel.

Pittsburgh, July 1st 1817.——2mo.

Porter, Ale, Spruce-Beer,

BOTTLING CELLAR.

JAMES TAYLOR

At the foot of Wood street opposite Messrs. Allen and Grant's, has always on hand, the above articles of the best quality—and which on trial will be found equal if not superior to any in this place.——All orders attended to with punctuality.

SUPERIOR LIQUID BLACKING,

For Boots Shoes &c.

By the single bottle or quantity.

Warranted to give the most elegant jet polish and will not stain the finest linnen.——A liberal discount made to large purchasers.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1817. 3

To Merchants, Attornies and Others.

WANTS a situation. A young man of good education and who understands book keeping in a wholesale or retail store, or to superintend any business; would have no objections to engage as clerk to an attorney, having been accustomed to that employment, and would render himself useful to his employer when not actually engaged in writing.——A line addressed to A. B. and left at the Post office, West Liberty, Brooke county, Va. will be respectfully attended to.

July 1, 1817.——3p

WOOL CARDING.

COMMON WOOL
Carded at 6 1-4 cents per lb.
Done in the best manner, 8 cents.
Merino wool in proportion according to the quality.

JOHN WALKER.

Montours run, Moon township.
July 1, 1817.

FOR SALE, BY

RICHD. BOWEN & CO.

Corner of Market and Water Streets,

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,
Currant Wine,
Whiskey
Loaf, and Domestic Sugar,
Almonds, Chocolate, Codfish
Allum, Allspice, Brimstone, Ginger,
DOMESTIC PLAIDS, STRIPES, SHIRTINGS, and TICKING,
Copperas, Rosin
Spanish flotant Indigo.
Soal Leather
Cotton Cards,
Juniata Bar Iron
American, Crowley and German Steel
Cut and wrought Nails
Castings assorted
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2, 3 and 4; Post do.
Medium and demy Printing do.
Wrapping do Bonnet boards
Window Glass
Bottles assorted in boxes, Porter do.
Birmingham Queensware
Kentucky twist and pigtail Tobacco
American Cigars
Bar and Pig Lead
Pewter Plates,
Axes, hoes, Chains and Screw Augurs
Mill saws,
Coal and wood stoves
Grates and Franklin stoves
Sad and Waffle Irons
Cast Iron Gudgeons and Cranks
Waggon Boxes
Wrag and Fan-mill irons,
Cast Tea kettles,
Pickled Beef in barrels,

AN INVOICE OF SADDLERY,

Leaf Tobacco in hogsheads,

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

Shot, | Cheese,
Flour, | Bacon, and

Kenhawa Salt.

Pittsbugh, July 1, 1817 2awtf

The Subscriber

GRATEFULLY acknowledges the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, but in consequence of his going to leave this place, he respectfully requests all those who know themselves indebted to him either by note or book account, to discharge the same on or before the 24th July.

And those having claims against him will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN PATTERSON.
Watch-maker.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1817.

CASTINGS,

CUT NAILS, of all sizes,
AND A FEW
Bags Coffee,

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM LECKY,
Wood-street.

Who has constantly on hand

BAR IRON,

OF THE BEST QUALITY

Pittsburgh March 14th, 1817.——

*** Connelsville notes taken in payment for nails.

APPROVED
Family Medicines

Doctor Robertson's eelebrated

Stomachic Elixir of Health ;

(Price $1 50 cents.)

WHICH has proved by thousands, who have experienced its beneficial effects, to be the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, the Whooping Cough, Asthma, pain in the Breast, Cramps, and wind in the Stomach, removing Costiveness, sickness at the Stomach, eadache, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, &c. &c-

Doctor Robertsons

Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Or *NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE*

(Price $1 50 cents)

Is confidently recommended as the most efficacious method for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the spirits, headache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, &c.

Doctor Robertsons celebrated

Gout aud Rheumatic Drops ;

(Price $2.)

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swellings and weakness of the joints, sprains bruises, and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pains in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Stomachic Bitters.

(Price One dollar.)

These celebrated and well known bitters are particularly recommended for restoring weak constitutions, cleaning and strengthening the stomach, and encreasing the appetite. They are also a certain preventative against those complaints so common in the spring and all seasons, such as intermittent fevers and agues, long autumnal fevers, dysenteries, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Worm Destroying Lozenges,

(Price 50 Cents.)

For efficacy, these celebrated Lozenges are unequalled ; they are mild in their operation, and effectual in removing every description of worms which infest the human body, and may be give to children with safety.

Dr Dyott's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

(Price 25 Cents—large boxes 50 Cents.)

Dr. Dyott's

PATENT ITCH OINTMENT.

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, ease, and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine, for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder the Itch.

Dr. Dyott's

INFLALIBLE TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

(Price 50 Cents.)

CIRCASSIAN EYE WATER.

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes

(Price 50 Cents.)

Dr. Tissoti's celebratea

GOUT & RHEUMATIC DROPS

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE BALM OF IBERIA,

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion, &c.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE RESTORATIVE DENTRIFICE,

For cleansing whitening and preserving the Teeth and Gums.

(Price 50 Cents per Box.)

MAHY'S PLAISTER CLOTH,

Recommended for the cure of Ulcers, Which Swelling, sore breasts, boils, sore legs and all woundstending to suppuration, &c.

Paul's Patent Columbian Oil,

(Price 1 Dollar.)

A Fresh supply of the above Medicines, just received and for Sale, by

OBRIEN & DYOTT,

DRUGGISTS,

WOOD STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND SECOND STREETS,

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh.

July 29, 1815. 1yqt

Hazelton & Jones,

In the Diamond, Corner of Diamond Alley,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A QUANTITY OF

—TANNERS OIL—

GREEN Coffee in barrels first quality,
Young Hyson Tea in small boxes,
French Brandy, Jamaica Spirits,
Madeira and Malaga Wine in barrels, and sundry other Groceries.

—*ALSO*—

Anvils, Vices, and Bell metal Kettles of different sizes with a variety of other Hardware

They have on hand
100 barrels flonr, quite fresh,
250 do. of excellent apples,
Bar Iron, Steel, Castings, Salt,

AND A VERY GENERAL ASSORIMENT OF

Dry Goods & Hardware,

All of which they will sell low for a short acceptances in the city.

GOODS of all kinds will be received on storage, Ind Consignments on Commission will be promptly attended to.

1awtf.

FLOUR.

A few barrels prime Fresh FLOUR,

For sale by

Abishai Way.

Pittsburgh, June 3, 1817.

AN ACOCUNT OF *LEE'S*

Patent and Family Medicines ;

Celebrated for the cure of most diseases to which the human body is liable,

PARTICULARLY

Worms,
Conghs and Colds,
Asthma,
Consumption,
Gout,
Rheumatism
Sprains,
Palsy,
Head ache,
Tooth ache,
Corns,
Itch,
Diseases of the Eyes
Ringworms, Tettesr &c.
Inward weaknesses
Nervous Disorders
Female complaints
Hooping cough.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers.

The proprietor has every possible resaon tath an result from extensive experience, for believeing that a dose of these pills, taken once in every two weeks, duriug the prevalence of our bilious fevers prove an infallible preventative ; and further, that in the earlier stages of those disa their use will very generally succeed in restoring healtl , and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—o restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds wh ch are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance—they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

In sickly times or places, a dose should be taken every fortnight, and if there is reason to apprehend personal danger, it may be taken once a week.

They have been found remarkably efficacious n preventing and curing diso ders attendant onilong voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

HAMILTON'S
Worm Destroying Lozenges.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of a similar title so commonly complained of as operating with violence ; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is, its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent and is so mild in its operation, that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body ; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach or bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many other fatal disorders.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectuallyprevent the "vomiting and purging of children," a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is likewisethe mildest and most certain remedy known, and the restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaints Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance and an agreeable taste.

HAMILTON'S
Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine fo the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders
Consumptions
Lowness of Spirits
Loss of Appetite
Impurity of the Blood
Hysterical Affections
Inward Weaknesses
Violent Cramps in the stomach and back
Indigestion
Melancholy
Gout in the stomach
Pains in the Limbs
Relaxations, &c

The principal operation of this remedy is in the stomach, restoring the digestive powers, and sending forth from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the system ; it enriches and purifies the blood without inflaming it ; braces, without stimulating too violenlly, the nervous system ; strengthens the secretory vessels, and the general habit, brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone ; and restores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations had destroyred, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame nto langour and debility.

HAMILTON'S

Essence & Extract of Mustard,

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, astmatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness. white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, &c,

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a fluid state aud in pills, and thus excellently adapted both for external and internal use.

ITCH CURED,

By once using Lee's Sovereign Ointment.

The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease, (against the infection of which no person is safe) that if this ointment is used at night on going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last ten years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infallible remedy for the itch, over every other, are the certainty of a cure by single application : the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant, and its being not only free from any offensive smell, but all equ with agreeabley heplea sanests pomatum.

THEGENUINE PERSIAN LOTION

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, in preventing and removing blemishes of every kind, on the face and skin, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs tetters, ringworms, sunburn, prickly heat &c.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,

For the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts & strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs Asthmas, sore throats, and approaching Consumtions, and most disorders of the breast and lungs

To parents who have children afflicted with the

Hooping Cough,

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable ; the Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

HAHN'S

True & Genuine German Corn Plaister

An infaliable remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pains

HAN'S GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes whether the effect of natural weakness or accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered hich gives immediate and lasting relief in the ost severe instances.

INFALLIBLE

AGUE & FEVER DROPS

For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

The above celebrated medicines are receive, trom *LEE'S* Patent Medicine Store, New York and are sold by particular appointment at the store of

MESSRS. BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, who are sole agents for *Pittsburgh.*

November 15, 1816—1awt

For Sale,

SEVERAL tracts of LAND of a good quality, two of which are well improved, one having thereon a well established tanyard. All within from twelve to twenty miles from the city o Pittsburgh. Terms made known by

JOHN M'DONALD.
Wood-street, Pittsburgh

October 8.—2awtf.

Sheriff's Sale

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 28th day of June instant, at 10 o'clock A. M.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Presley Nevill of in and to a certain Island, situate in the Ohio river, commonly called "Long Island,"

Also all the right, title, interest and claim of Abraham Kirkpatrick of in and to Lot No. 127, in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded by and fronting on Liberty, Hay, and Penn streets, and by lot No. 128, containing in breadth sixty feet, and in length or depth two hundred and forty feet, be the same more or less.—Seized and taken in execution and to be sold by

L. STEWART, *Shff.*

Pittsburgh, June 16, 1817.

Impediment of Speech.

THE advertiser has adopted a course of application, by which adults and children afflicted with defects in speech may be relieved, and in some cases cured.

For further particulars address a line (post paid) to E X, north-west corner of Union and Third streets, Philadelphia.

May 27, 1817.

Notice.

THE subscriber intending to leave the city, notifies all those indebted to him, either by book—note or otherwise, to make immediate payment to Mr. William H. Witherill, on the bank of the Monongahela river, opposite Wood street, who is duly authorised to receive and settle the same.

ANDREW WILT.

Pittsburgh, June, 13, 1817.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of O'BRIEN & DYOTT, *Druggists*, was dissolved on the 25th ult. by mutual consent. All persons having demands against the said firm, are desired to present them for payment to *John G. O'Brien ;* and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN G. O'BRIEN,
T. W. DYOTT.

Pittsburgh, June 10 1817.

N. B. The Drug business, in future, will be carried on by the subscriber, at the old stand in Wood street, between Front and Second streets ; where customers can be supplied with genuine

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

On the most liberal terms.

JOHN G. O'BRIEN.

FIRE WOOD,

ORDERS, for hickory, sugar, black and white oak fire wood, will be received by

SAMUEL PETTIGREW,
Druggist, Pittsburgh.

*** One or two good wood choppers wanted to whom liberal wages will be given.

Pittsburgh, June 10th 1817.—1awst.

Prime Kentucky Tobacco.

70 kegs Tobacco (Lexington man.)

FOR SALE BY

AVERY & STEVENSON.

(*Price* 18 *cents.*)

Pittsburgh, June 13th, 1817.

LEE'S
ANTI-BILIOUS

THE operation of these [illegible] is perfectly mild, and the [illegible] sands has proved, they [illegible] situation in life without the [illegible]

They are admirably adapted to [illegible] perfluous bile, &c. &c.

Lee's Worm Destroying Lozenges

This medicine, which is [illegible] as it is certain and efficacious [illegible] cannot injure the youngest infant [illegible] worms exist in the body ; but will, without [illegible] or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels

LEE'S ELIXER,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, coughs, catarrhs, asthmas, sore [illegible] approaching consumption

A single trial will prove [illegible] determination of the fluids to the surface body and brings on the common [illegible] ration ; that it dislodges and evacuates [illegible] viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthens the [illegible] ened vessels of the lungs. Thus strikes [illegible] root of disorder, the symptoms are [illegible] effectually and permanently conquered.

m *Lee's Grand Restorative and Nervous Cordial*

Which is confidently recommended [illegible] uable medicine, for the speedy relief [illegible] rament cure of various complaints which [illegible] from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution, immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive habits, in the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life, bad lyings in, &c.

dsee's Genuine Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and hronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic palsy, Lrains, bruises, pains in the face, neck, &c.

The experience of many ages and the testimony of the best medical practitioners, from a early period to the present time, agree in ascribing to mustard very powerful and singular virtues.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops,

For the cure of Agues, remittant and intermittant Fevers.

Never was a medicine offered that has a greater claim to public approbation than these drops. Thousands can testify of their being cured by these drops, after the bark and every other medicine have proved ineffectual.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch,

Warranted to cure.

By one application, free from [illegible] percent or any pernicious ingredient. This vegetable [illegible] so mild, yet efficacious, that it may be used with the utmost safety, on the most delicate pregnant lady, or on a child of a week old.

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion,

The Persian Lotion operates [illegible] rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth ; improving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth.

Lee's Restorative Tooth Powder.

This excellent preparation, comforts and strengthens the gums and preserves the enamel from decay.

Lee's Anodyne Elixer,

For the cure of head-ache.

Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific for the cure of Venereal Complaints.

The experience of many who have been cured by this medicine, demonstrates its efficacy in expelling the venereal poison, however deeply rooted in the constitution.

Lee's true and genuine Corn Plaister,

For speedily removing corns, root and branch, without giving pain.

Lee's Tooth Ache Drops,

Which give immediate relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Damask Lip Salve,

Is recommended (particularly to ladies) as an elegant and pleasant preparation for chapped and sore lips.

Lee's Genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

The above eminently useful and highly approved FAMILY MEDICINES, are carefully prepared by *NOAH RIDGELY*, at his Dispensary, No. 68, Hanover-street, Baltimore, where they may be had Wholesale and Retail. They are also sold by his appointment, by

SAMUEL PETTIGREW, Druggist,
PITTSBURGH.

Great allowance to those who *purchase to sell again.*

To detect counterfeits, observe each article has on the outside wrapper the signature of

NOAH RIDGELY,
(*Late Mitchell & Ridgely Co.*)

☞ N. B. The proprietor is in possession of many certificates of the efficacy and superiority of the above mentioned Medicines, but he will not intrude on the patience of the readers of the columns of this paper, as he is satisfied the discerning public will still continue to duly appreciate their true merits.

June 10, 1817.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between Tackaberry, Peppard and Co. was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 1st of April last. Those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to Thomas Tackaberry.

TACKABERRY, PEPPARD & Co.

Pittsburgh, June 10, 1817.

*** The business will be carried on in future, under the firm of Thomas Tackaberry & Co.—in Wood street, second door south of Diamond alley ; where, will be kept a general assortment of

Groceries and Liquors,

which will be sold on the most accommodating and reasonable terms.

THOMAS TACKABERRY & Co.

Summer Ale.

FOR SALE

30 Barrels Good Summer Ale

Suitable for bottling, enquire of,

D. S. SCULL.

Pittsburgh April 25th 1817.—2aw.